
WUC

Water Utility Council of the
PA-Section, American Water
Works Association (PA-AWWA)



GOVERNMENT RELATIONS UPDATE

From Milliron & Goodman Government Relations, LLC.

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*PA- Section, American Water Works Association
National Association of Water Companies
Water Works Operators' Association of Pennsylvania*

Revenue Department Releases September 2016 Collections

Pennsylvania collected \$2.6 billion in General Fund revenue in September, which was \$144.9 million, or 5.2 percent, less than anticipated, Secretary of Revenue Eileen McNulty reported on October 3, 2016. Fiscal year-to-date General Fund collections total \$6.6 billion, which is \$218.5 million, or 3.2 percent, below estimate.

Sales tax receipts totaled \$811.5 million for September, \$20.5 million below estimate. Year-to-date sales tax collections total \$2.5 billion, which is \$72.4 million, or 2.8 percent, less than anticipated.

Personal income tax (PIT) revenue in September was \$1.1 billion, \$36.6 million below estimate. This brings year-to-date PIT collections to \$2.7 billion, which is \$54.8 million, or 2 percent, below estimate.

September **corporation tax revenue** of \$472.7 million was \$49.9 million below estimate. Year-to-date corporation tax collections total \$583.9 million, which is \$61.9 million, or 9.6 percent, below estimate.

Inheritance tax revenue for the month was \$64.7 million, \$15.3 million below estimate, bringing the year-to-date total to \$223.6 million, which is \$9.4 million, or 4.1 percent, below estimate.

Realty transfer tax revenue was \$41.9 million for September, \$8.3 million below estimate, bringing the fiscal-year total to \$119.7 million, which is \$17.3 million, or 12.6 percent, less than anticipated.

Other General Fund tax revenue, including cigarette, malt beverage, liquor and table games taxes, totaled \$157.3 million for the month, \$10.6 million below estimate and bringing the year-to-date total to \$402.1 million, which is \$10 million, or 2.5 percent, below estimate.

Non-tax revenue totaled \$1 million for the month, \$3.7 million below estimate, bringing the year-to-date total to \$59 million, which is \$7.3 million, or 14.2 percent, above estimate.

In addition to the General Fund collections, the **Motor License Fund** received \$216.1 million for the month, \$1.9 million above estimate. Fiscal year-to-date collections for the fund - which include the commonly known gas and diesel taxes, as well as other license, fine and fee revenues - total \$663.6 million, which is \$100,000 above estimate.

Source: Department of Revenue Press Release, 10/3/2016

What's Green and Growing in the River?

The Mid-Atlantic Region has many great walking, biking, and hiking trails that meander through the woods and provide us with the chance to escape into the natural environment. One of my favorite activities on a hike is to stop along the trail to check out a nearby river or stream. It's nice to relax and admire the view, listen as the water flows, and to see the different types of plants growing in and around the water.

Before becoming an environmental scientist, I wouldn't have known that the extent and type of aquatic plants can indicate the health of a waterbody. In our region there are many beneficial species of [submerged aquatic vegetation](#) (SAV). SAV are rooted underwater plants that provide wildlife with food and habitat, and add oxygen to the water. In fact, a positive sign in the Chesapeake Bay restoration efforts has been an increase in [SAV](#). The more SAV, the better for the Bay.

Not so with another common type of aquatic growth – algae. These are a large and diverse group of organisms that lack many typical characteristics of true plants. Algae can grow on the bottom of a stream or float freely in the water. While algae can be important to an aquatic ecosystem, too much can cause [problems](#).

Excessive algal growth can negatively alter habitat and create low oxygen problems for aquatic life. In addition, it can decrease water clarity for SAV, making it hard for them to get the sunlight they need to grow. Some types of large algal blooms even pose a human health risk by producing [toxics compounds](#). Also in recent years, excess filamentous algae – long hair-like strands of algae growing on streambeds – has been a concern for potentially affecting recreation, such as fishing, boating, and swimming. Specific effects could include tangled fishing lures, slippery rocks, and an overall unsightly appearance.

With several thousand different species of algae and SAV, it can be confusing to figure out what you see growing in a river or stream. The Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin Commission (ICPRB) recently presented several tips to identify algae and SAV. I spent some time hunched over a microscope to test these out, but with this [handout](#) they've created, you won't need any scientific tools!

ICPRB is asking citizens in the Potomac basin to help by reporting areas where the water always seems green with algae. You can share your observations using ICPRB's new [Water Reporter smartphone app](#) which helps target local research efforts to study how excess algal growth affects aquatic life and the activities we like to do in the water.

Next time you're out hiking, check out a local stream and see what types of aquatic plants are growing. Can you answer the question "What's green and growing in the river?"

About the Author: Jon Markovich joined EPA's Water Protection Division in 2014 and works in the impaired waters and Total Maximum Daily Load programs. In his spare time, Jon enjoys hiking, kayaking and camping in the Mid-Atlantic Region's many great state parks.

Source: EPA Blog Posts, 9/29/2016

EPA Launches Tool to Improve Reporting of Drinking Water Data

By Joel Beauvais, Deputy Assistant Administrator for the Office of Water

We live in a society that allows us to get information through our phones, TVs, and computers from across the world in a matter of seconds. Although we've come a long way in the information age, some of our country's most important public health information is still collected and shared using antiquated methods like manual data entry and even paper reporting.

That's why I'm excited to announce of the launch of EPA's new Compliance Monitoring Data Portal (CMDP), which allows water laboratories and public drinking water systems to electronically share drinking water data with their states and tribal agencies. The portal will allow us to replace the paper-based system, leading to more timely and higher-quality monitoring data.

By reducing the hours previously spent manually entering data, identifying data-entry errors, and issuing data resubmittal requests, states and tribes will now be able to free up more time to focus on preventing and responding to public health issues in their communities.

Once fully implemented by all states nationwide, we expect the new portal could reduce state data entry and data management work by work by hundreds of thousands of hours per year.

Learn [more](#).

Source: Water Headlines from EPA, 10/5/2016

EPA Launches the Climate Resilience Evaluation and Awareness Tool (CREAT)

EPA's Climate Ready Water Utilities (CRWU) initiative has launched the latest update to its Climate Resilience Evaluation and Awareness Tool (CREAT). CREAT 3.0 assists drinking water, wastewater and stormwater utility owners and operators in understanding potential climate change threats and in assessing the related risks at their individual utilities.

CREAT 3.0 is now web-based and features a series of intuitive modules designed to help utilities complete a climate change risk assessment, redesigned from the ground up to provide a more user-friendly experience. Applying updated climate data projections and improved monetized risk results, CREAT has visibly benefited cities and utilities of all sizes across the U.S. including Camden, New Jersey and Faribault, Minnesota,

helping them design adaptation plans based on the types of climate threats facing their communities.

In an effort to distill the daunting body of climate science data that exists into an accessible and actionable form for the water sector, CRWU has also updated its Climate Projection Scenario Map using data provided in CREAT. The Scenario Map gives utilities quick access to projected changes in annual total precipitation, annual average temperature, annual number of days over 100°F, 100-year storm intensity and sea-level rise at their location. Users can learn more and access CREAT, the Scenario Map and other tools from the CRWU homepage.

Read [more](#).

Source: Water Headlines from EPA, 10/5/2016

EPA Takes Steps to Address Perchlorate in Drinking Water

EPA remains committed to completing the regulatory process for perchlorate in drinking water. In response to recommendations from EPA's science advisors, the agency has developed new analyses to inform selection of a health-based goal for the regulation. EPA is announcing the next steps in the peer review of these new analyses to ensure the agency's perchlorate regulatory decision-making is based on the best available science. EPA is also seeking public comment on the draft list of external peer review candidates, draft charge questions and draft biologically-based dose response (BBDR) model and BBDR accompanying report. The peer review panel is expected to meet early in 2017 in Washington, D.C.

Learn [more](#).

Source: Water Headlines from EPA, 10/5/2016

PUC Highlights National Cybersecurity Awareness

Month; Reminds Consumers to Protect Personal Information

On October 6, 2016, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (PUC) highlighted [National Cybersecurity Awareness Month](#) and the collaborative work being done to protect Pennsylvania's critical infrastructure, while also reminding consumers to take efforts to protect their personal information.

"Today we live in a world that is more connected than ever before. The internet touches almost all aspects of everyone's daily life, whether we realize it or not - and that means individuals who seek to misuse those connections can reach further and deeper than many of us realize," said PUC Chairman Gladys M. Brown in a statement at today's Public Meeting in Harrisburg. "Cybersecurity affects all of us - every industry, every country, every agency and every consumer."

Gov. Tom Wolf proclaimed October 2016 Cybersecurity Awareness Month in Pennsylvania. "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania recognizes that it has a vital role in identifying, protecting and responding to cyber threats that may have a significant impact on our individual and collective security and privacy," said Gov. Wolf in a proclamation.

"The PUC works with all of our regulated utilities on an all-hazards approach to security - both physical and cybersecurity," said Chairman Brown in video comments. "Our work with utilities is aimed at the security of utility data and the security of utility systems."

The Commission has published a [Cybersecurity Best Practices for Small and Medium Pennsylvania Utilities](#) which is available on the Commission's website and outlines for utilities ways to prevent identity or property theft; how to manage vendors and contractors who may have access to a company's data; what to know about anti-virus software, firewalls and network infrastructure; how to protect physical assets, such as a computer in a remote location or a misplaced employee device;

how to respond to a cyber-attack and preserve forensic information after the fact; how to report incidents; the potential benefits of engaging a law firm in advance of a breach; and a list of federal cyber incident resources.

While work with the utilities continues, Brown stressed that it is equally important for consumers to take steps to increase their personal protection against cybercrime, including:

- Do not click on links or pop-ups, or open attachments, from strangers;
- Always enter a URL by hand instead of following links if you are unsure of the sender;
- Do not respond to online requests for Personally Identifiable Information (PII); most organizations - banks, universities, companies, etc. - do not ask for your personal information over the Internet;
- Limit who you are sharing information with by reviewing the privacy settings on your social media accounts;
- Trust your gut; if you think an offer is too good to be true, then it probably is;
- Set strong passwords, change them regularly, and don't share them with anyone;
- Keep your operating system, browser, and other critical software optimized by installing updates; and
- Maintain an open dialogue with your friends, family, colleagues and community about Internet safety.

The Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission balances the needs of consumers and utilities; ensures safe and reliable utility service at reasonable rates; protects the public interest; educates consumers to make independent and informed utility choices; furthers economic development; and fosters new technologies and competitive markets in an environmentally sound manner.

For recent news releases and video of select Commission proceedings or more information about the PUC, visit our website at www.puc.pa.gov. Follow the PUC on Twitter - @PA_PUC for all things utility. "Like" Pennsylvania Public Utility

Commission on Facebook for easy access to information on utility issues.

Source: PUC Press Release, 10/6/2016

New Regulations of Shale Drilling Take Effect Chapter 78A regulations strengthen water protections and improve public data access

New Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) regulations on unconventional gas drilling will be published in the October 8, 2016 edition of the Pennsylvania Bulletin and become effective upon publication. The new rules regulate unconventional drilling practices and hydraulic fracturing, as well as related activities. DEP has worked extensively with the natural gas industry to prepare for smooth adoption of the new requirements, which will help protect Pennsylvania's air, water, natural resources as well as the health of residents.

"These regulations are a long time in coming and have undergone one of the most transparent and participatory processes ever overseen by DEP," said Acting DEP Secretary Patrick McDonnell. "The final result is a set of regulations that increase protection for public resources and water supplies, improve data transparency, enhance access to relevant information for the public, and help provide business certainty to the industry."

The new rules, which have been under development since 2011, are the first modernization of the Commonwealth's oil and gas surface regulations since the implementation of new horizontal drilling and hydraulic fracturing techniques to capture natural gas from Pennsylvania's shale deposits. Many of the changes to the regulations were made to comply with the 2012 Oil and Gas Act (known as Act 13). Among the changes to the current regulations:

- *Improved protections of public resources:* DEP can require additional protective measures if

drilling would be near school property and playgrounds, parks, forests, and other public resources.

- *Strengthened water supply restoration standards:* If oil and gas development degrades a water supply, the operator must restore or replace the supply with one that meets Safe Drinking Water Act standards or is as good as pre-drilling conditions if the water supply was better than the Drinking Water Act standards.
- *Electronic filing:* In order to more efficiently track well development and operations, and to provide better public access to drilling data, operators will be required to submit electronic forms rather than paper.

"DEP heard from thousands of citizens across multiple comment periods and a dozen public hearings, as well numerous meetings with industry representatives, and the regulations have been improved as a result. We are very proud of the regulations we are putting into effect," said McDonnell. "These regulations codify many of the common industry practices to create some of the most protective regulations in the nation and ensure safe development of this important resource."

The final regulations can be found in the Pennsylvania Bulletin [here](#).

Training sessions and information for oil and gas operators on complying with the new regulations has already begun - for more information and to view previous webinars, please click [here](#).

Source: DEP Press Release, 10/7/2016

Small Water Systems Technical Assistance Center Board Meeting Cancellation

The October 11, 2016, meeting of the Small Water Systems Technical Assistance Center Board has been **cancelled**. The next regular meeting is scheduled for **Monday, November 14, 2016**, beginning at 9 a.m. in Room 105, Rachel

Carson State Office Building, 400 Market Street, Harrisburg, PA 17105-8467.

Questions concerning the cancellation of the October 11, 2016, meeting or the November 14, 2016, meeting should be directed to Dawn Hissner, Bureau of Safe Drinking Water at dhissner@pa.gov or (717) 772-2189.

The agenda and meeting materials will be available through the Public Participation tab on the Department of Environmental Protection's (Department) web site at <https://www.dep.pa.gov> (select "Public Participation," then "Advisory Committees," then "Water Advisory Committees," then "Small Water Systems Technical Assistance Center").

Persons in need of accommodations as provided for in the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 should contact Dawn Hissner at (717) 772-2189, or through the Pennsylvania AT&T Relay Service at (800) 654-5984 (TDD users) or (800) 654-5988 (voice users) to discuss how the Department may accommodate their needs.

Source: Pennsylvania Bulletin, [10/8/2016](#)

Governor Wolf Announces a New State/Federal Partnership to Bring \$28 Million to Help Farmers in Bay Watershed Improve Local Water Quality

On October 4, 2016, Governor Tom Wolf announced that farmers in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed will be on the receiving end of \$28 million in state and federal funding to assist in Pennsylvania's efforts to minimize negative effects of runoff on local water quality and ultimately, the Bay.

"What remains clear is that Pennsylvania has been, and continues to make strides toward protecting and improving local water quality, but we know that we have additional work to do to

make sure every producer is operating in a way that minimizes impacts to local water quality, and ultimately to the Bay," Governor Wolf said. "We must continue to develop and deploy effective targeting in high-priority areas, support community-based and locally-led approaches to conservation, collaboratively seek new funding opportunities, and engage all stakeholders - federal, state, local, public, private, non-profit - in our approach to local water quality."

Governor Wolf today attended the Chesapeake Bay Executive Council in Virginia along with Gov. Terry McAuliffe, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Administrator Gina McCarthy, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Under Secretary Robert Bonnie and others. He discussed Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Restoration Strategy, which since being announced earlier this year, has accelerated the commonwealth's progress in meeting goals mandated by the federal government.

Pennsylvania Secretaries Cindy Dunn of the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, Russell Redding of the Department of Agriculture and Acting Secretary Patrick McDonnell of the Department of Environmental Protection were also in attendance.

At the meeting, Governor Wolf also joined with federal colleagues in announcing a new partnership between Pennsylvania, EPA, and USDA that will increase both federal and state financial resources to help meet Pennsylvania's 2025 nutrient and sediment reduction commitments. Pennsylvania will provide \$12 million in additional funding to improve local water quality while the federal government has committed more than \$16 million.

The joint strategy will accelerate nutrient and sediment reductions by implementing agricultural conservation practices that reduce nutrients on farms in priority areas, providing more technical assistance to help farmers implement agricultural conservation practices that are proved to reduce nutrients, and leveraging innovative private sector partnerships, private capital, and markets to magnify the benefits of these investments.

The new partnership also aligns closely with Pennsylvania's Restoration Strategy, a collaborative effort between the Departments of Environmental Protection, Agriculture, and Conservation and Natural Resources, along with other stakeholders who played key roles in the design, development and implementation of the strategy. The agencies and stakeholders continue to work together to coordinate plans, policies and resources. The strategy relies on a mix of technical and financial assistance, technology, expanded data gathering, improved program coordination and capacity and - when necessary - stronger enforcement and compliance measures.

"All across the state, we have countless farmers who are doing the right thing to protect local water quality, and we have others who want to do the same, but simply lack the resources - particularly in this economic climate where many commodity prices are historically low," said Agriculture Secretary Russell Redding. "As part of our restoration strategy, we have committed to finding new funding to help farmers meet the commonwealth's water quality improvement obligations. Now, thanks to the Governor's leadership and the support of our federal partners, we have \$28 million in new resources dedicated to helping our farmers."

"DCNR has committed a new pool of grant funds and is devoting more staff time to planting forest buffers along streams in the Bay watershed of Pennsylvania," said Department of Conservation and Natural Resources Secretary Cindy Adams Dunn. "Using our own staff experts, from foresters to grant staff to natural resource staff on our state parks, we can expand current buffer planting in Pennsylvania and provide showcase projects for others to adopt."

"DEP's priority is to protect local water quality for Pennsylvanians, and thereby help protect the Bay for all," said DEP Acting Secretary Patrick McDonnell. "We're working to accomplish this through a strategic, collaborative partnership with state and local agencies."

There are six essential recommendations laid out in the Restoration Strategy:

- Put high-impact, low-cost Best Management Practices (BMPs) on the ground, and quantify undocumented BMPs in watersheds impaired by agriculture or stormwater.
- Improve reporting, record keeping and data systems to provide better and more accessible documentation.
- Address nutrient reduction by meeting EPA's goal of inspecting 10 percent of farms in the watershed, ensuring development and use of manure management and agricultural erosion and sediment control plans, and enforcement for non-compliance.
- Identify legislative, programmatic or regulatory changes to provide the additional tools and resources necessary to meet federal pollution reduction goals by 2025.
- Obtain additional resources for water quality improvement.
- Establish a Chesapeake Bay Office to coordinate the development, implementation and funding of the commonwealth's Chesapeake Bay efforts.

To learn more about Pennsylvania's efforts to improve local water quality in the Bay watershed, please visit [here](#).

Source: Governor Wolf's Press Office, 10/4/2016

Chesapeake Bay Strategy Hearing Oct. 18 by Senate Environmental & Ag Committees

The Senate Environmental Resources and Energy Committee and Agriculture and Rural Affairs Committee have scheduled a joint hearing on October 18 on Pennsylvania's strategy for meeting Chesapeake Bay Watershed cleanup requirements.

The Committees are specifically interested in opinions on Pennsylvania's Chesapeake Bay Restoration Strategy and any potential funding sources to meet future mandates.

The Chesapeake Bay Foundation-PA will be among the witnesses providing testimony.

The hearing will be in Hearing Room 1 of the North Office Building starting at 9:30 a.m.

Sen. Gene Yaw (R-Lycoming) serves as Majority Chair of the Senate Environmental Committee and can be contacted by sending email to: gyaw@pasen.gov. Sen. John Yudichak (D-Luzerne) serves as Minority Chair and can be contacted by sending email to: yudichak@pasenate.com.

Sen. Elder Vogel (R-Beaver) serves as Majority Chair of the Senate Agriculture Committee, and can be contacted by sending email to: evogel@pasen.gov. Sen. Judy Schwank (D-Berks) serves as Minority Chair and can be contacted by sending email to: SenatorSchwank@pasenate.com.

Source: PA Environmental Digest, 10/10/2016

Good Idea? Automatic OK of DEP Erosion Control Permits, Even With 30% Deficiencies

Rep. David Zimmerman (R-Lancaster) believes he has a solution for a problem created by the General Assembly and Governors when they cut DEP's staff by more than 22 percent-- 705 positions--over the last 13 years-- automatic approval of the basic erosion and sedimentation control permits.

He introduced [House Bill 2387](#) Monday that requires any erosion and sedimentation permit application (not subject to NPDES requirements) submitted by a licensed engineer "shall be approved" by DEP or a county conservation district within 20 days of receipt. There is no provision in it that says it must actually meet environmental

protection standards in DEP's Chapter 102 regulations.

If a permit application is submitted by someone else, it would require DEP and county conservation districts to act within 45 days. Rep. Zimmerman said in proposing the legislation, "We have all heard concerns regarding the timeliness of permit reviews for these projects. Likewise, we have all heard concerns about DEP staffing and funding.

"Accordingly, in the near future, I will introduce legislation that requires DEP to complete its permitting approval or disapproval within a reasonable 45 days so that our industries have a predictable timeframe to use for their planning purposes.

"In addition, this legislation requires that any permit application submitted by a licensed engineer, licensed under the Engineer, Land Surveyor and Geologist Registration Law (Act 367 of 1945) shall be approved within 20 days of receipt. These folks are putting forth their license and reputation when submitting permit applications and therefore their applications should require less review. This would then allow more staff time for other projects."

A [sponsor summary](#) is available. The same language in House Bill 2387 is also in an amendment to [House Bill 1391](#) (Everett-R-Lycoming) dealing with oil and gas royalties. [Amendment A09798](#) was posted by Rep. Jason Ortity (R-Allegheny).

30% of Applications Have Technical Deficiencies

During this year's budget hearings, DEP told the Senate Appropriations Committee a random survey of 2,600 Chapter 102 and 105 permit applications by DEP professional staff found 30 percent had technical (not administrative) deficiencies that slowed down DEP's permit review process.

Only a handful of the 47 firms (most licensed engineers) preparing those applications got passing grades from DEP in Chapter 102 & 105 application preparation-- 1 consultant got an A, 5 consultants got a B, 7 got a C, 8 a D and 26 an F.

The fact is DEP meets its deadlines for reviewing complete permit applications 89 percent of the time under the [Permit Review Guarantee Program](#) and even 80 percent of the time when applications aren't complete.

So is automatic approval of permit applications to DEP a good idea? You decide.

Source: PA Environmental Digest, 10/10/2016

Philly Green Infrastructure Partners Offer Green Stormwater Course Oct. 20, 21, 28

The [Sustainable Business Network's Green Stormwater Infrastructure Partners](#) will offer landscape professionals a 3-day [Green Stormwater Infrastructure Course](#) on October 20, 21 and 28 at Temple University's Center City Campus in Philadelphia.

Landscape professionals will learn best practices and advance the skills of individual businesses as it relates to green stormwater infrastructure.

GSI practices require regular maintenance to ensure they continue to perform as intended, which in turn, helps to ensure that the stormwater regulations driving [Philadelphia's Green City, Clean Waters Program](#) are being met.

As the number of installed best management practices (BMPs) increase on public and private property, and as more operation and maintenance agreements begin to be enforced, the need for GSI maintenance increases.

The growing need creates a significant opportunity for local landscape professionals. This course is intended to address the need and the opportunity.

This course is designed to increase the knowledge of landscape contractors and landcare managers as it relates to public and private GSI operations and maintenance.

Students will leave this course with a basic understanding of the regulatory context of stormwater management, BMPs and their components, how to maintain the vegetation and above-ground components using adaptive and prescriptive management techniques, and how to diagnose and respond to safety and performance issues.

The 3-day course involves two classroom days and one field day. The classroom days will be on October 20 & 21 at Temple University's Center City Campus. The field day will be on October 28 at Kensington CAPA High School and Shissler Recreation Center, otherwise known as the "Big Green Block."

The GSI Partners' Continuing Education Grants are available for members interested in taking this course. Learn more about the Continuing Education Grants [here](#).

The \$375 per person fee for the course includes all course materials as well as breakfast and lunch for all 3 days.

Click [here](#) for a detailed course agenda and to register. Questions should be directed to Anna Shipp, Project Manager, GSI Partners by sending email to: anna@sbnphiladelphia.org or call 215-922-7400 ext 107.

Source: PA Environmental Digest, 10/10/2016

Save The Date! PA Statewide Conference for Watershed Organizations March 5-6

Join the PA Environmental Council and the Department of Environmental Protection for the [2017 PA Statewide Conference for Watershed Organizations](#) with the theme "Bringing Communities Together" to be held March 5-6 at the Ramada Inn, State College.

Participants will be able to network with watershed groups, funders, technical and organizational resource providers, and others. Attendees will also have the opportunity to learn

how to strengthen their local organizations and discover new and emerging resources.

For more information, please contact PEC's Susan Myerov by calling 215-545-4570 or send email to: smyerov@pecpa.org.

For more information on programs, initiatives and special events, visit the PA Environmental Council website, visit the [PEC Blog](#), follow [PEC on Twitter](#) or Like [PEC on Facebook](#). Visit PEC's [Audio Room](#) for the latest podcasts. Click [here](#) to receive regular updates from PEC.

Source: PA Environmental Digest, 10/10/2016

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