## Valencia Water Company Water Treatment Plant

Crystalactor® Zero Liquid Discharge Water Softening





# Valencia Water Company

- Population served 113,000
- Water supply is 28.4 MGD
- Total Hardness ~ 350 mg/L
- Regional Water Quality Board requiring improvements to effluent water quality
- Issue is High chlorides in POTW effluent
- Home softening found to be the cause of high chlorides



Slide 2

EDF4 add total water per day and hardness Eric Fessler, 3/23/2012

# Why Soften?

The basics

- Hardness is measured as calcium carbonate
- Many regions in California have hard water
- Over 50% of water quality complaints tracked in a 10 year period relate directly to hard water



- Residential
  - Minimize spots
- Use less soap and detergent
- Softer skin
- Extend the life of pipes and appliances
  Industrial
- Reduce utility costs
- Reduce chemistry usage anti-scalents
- Conserve water





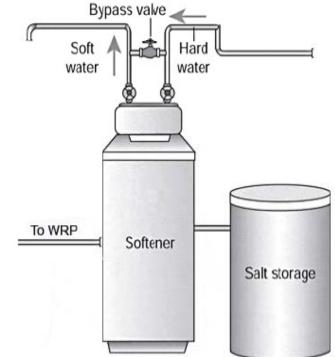






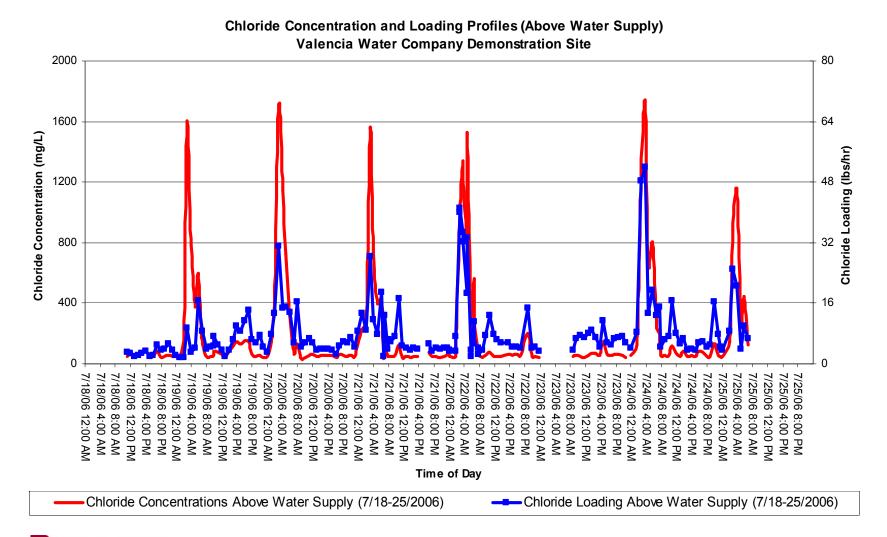
# **The Problem With Point-of-Use Softening**

- Add chlorides to the waste stream
- Chlorides are not removed from water at reclamation plants
- High chlorides can damage agricultural crops by causing leaf burn or drying of leaf tissues
- Add to consumer's overall cost of delivered water
- Wastes water



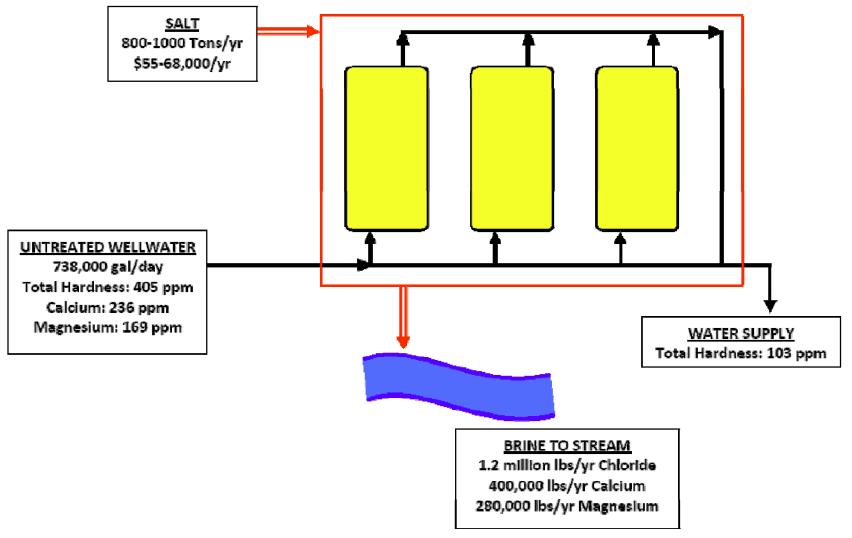


#### **Actual Chloride Levels in Discharge - Valencia**



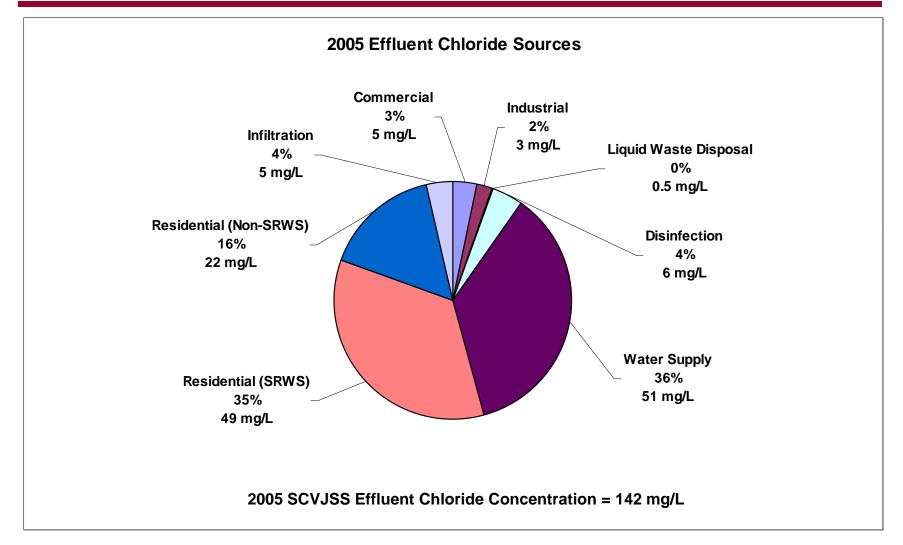
Procorp Enterprises LLC

#### **Softening in Rural Wisconsin Community**





## **Chlorides From Ion Exchange Softening**

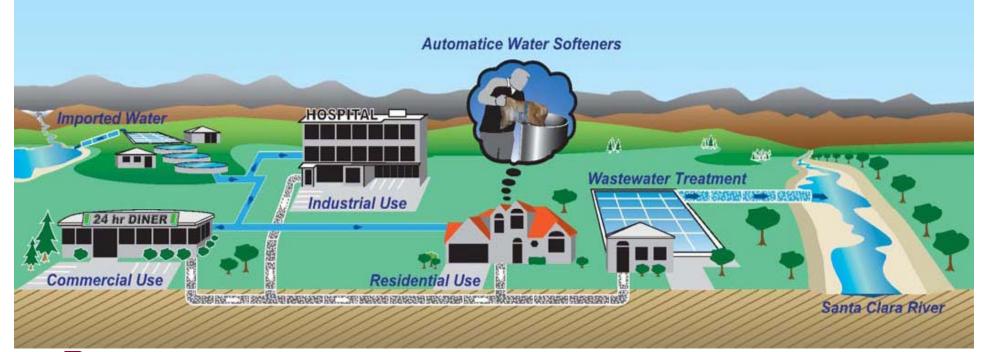


Source: Data provided by Los Angeles Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County



## **Treatment Options**

- Treat industrial, commercial and residential wastewaters at the POTW
- Soften the ground water before it goes to the community
- Engineering study was conducted by Kennedy/Jenks Consultants to determine best option

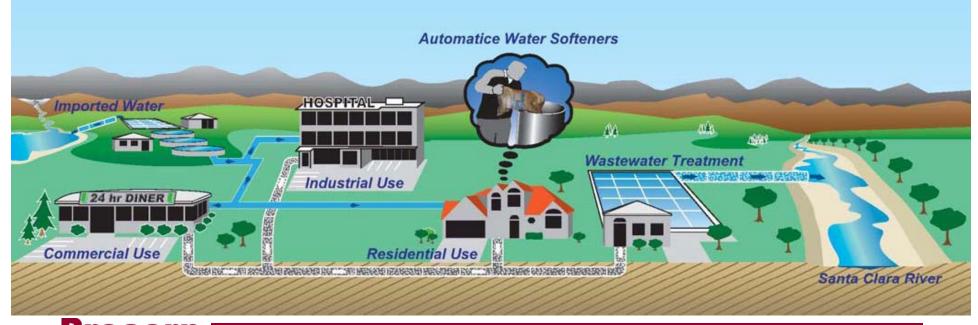




## **Treatment Options**

Enterprises LLC

- Meeting chloride discharge limits could be accomplished through treatment at the POTW
  - Would require a \$500 \$600 million, large scale, advanced treatment facility
  - Would require brine disposal
  - Brine line estimated to cost VWC population \$21.2 million/year



# **Treatment Options**

- Soften the water for the community
- Eliminate or significantly reduce point of use softeners
  - Study indicated that softener use was anticipated to decline from 54 to 24 percent
- Technologies studied included:
  - Crystalactor
  - Ion Exchange
  - Membrane Processes
    - RO
    - Nanofiltration
    - Electrodialysis & Electrodialysis Reversal





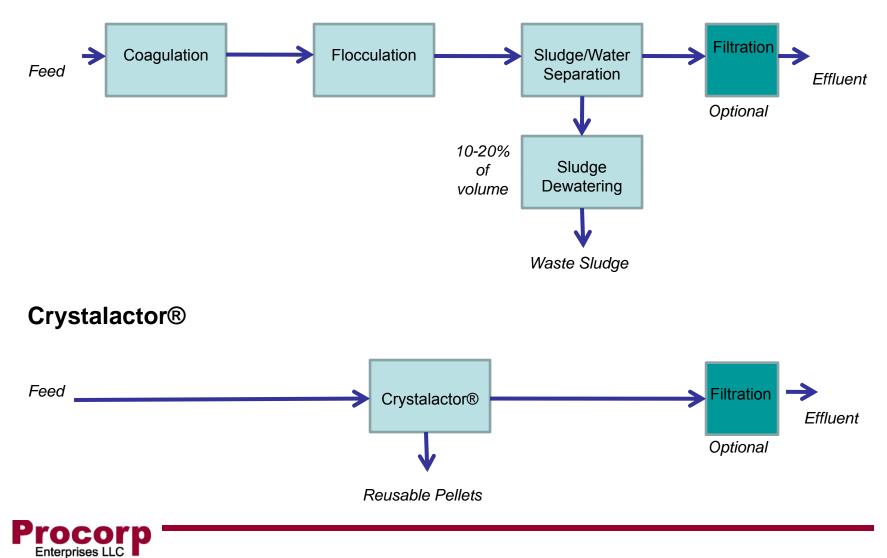
### **Process Advantages**

- Eliminates wasted water (no reject / back wash water)
- No sludge dewatering
- Reduce or eliminate chlorides and salts
- Higher efficiency RO
- Requires min. labor
- Fully automated
- Small foot print
   (ex. 8' dia. = 2MGD)

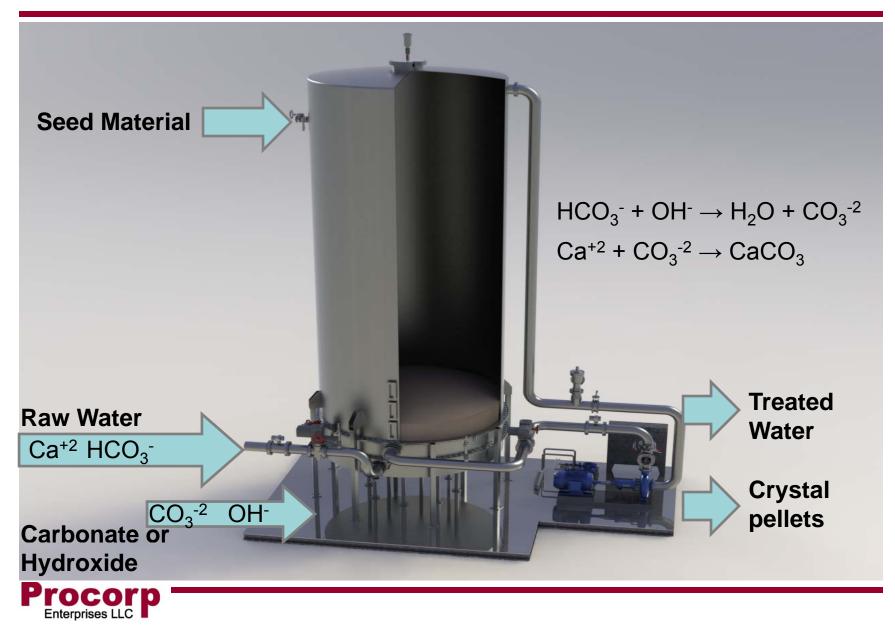


#### **Four Steps In One**

Conventional



#### How it Works



#### **Process Basics – Pellet Handling**



- Pellets removed by simple opening of valve
- Pellets are 90-95% dry product
- Pellets are 80-90% CaCO<sub>3</sub>
- Pellets contain 5-10% seed material



# **Examples of Experience**

Location	Number of Reactors	Capacity MGD
Woerden	6	6.8
Ridderkeerk	1	0.4
Alphen a/d Rijn	3	3.8
Altena	2	2.5
Hazerwoude	3	3.8
Weesperkarspel	1	4.2
Spannenburg	10	15.8
Noord-Bergum	3	14.3
Nijmegan	2	3.2
Leiduin	10	53.9
Zutphen	2	3.0
Seppe	4	10.1
Taiwan		119
Scheveningen	10	50.7
Valencia, CA	1	1.5
Atwater, MN	1	0.75



# Valencia Water Company

- Water scarcity
- Hard water
- Wastewater high in conductivity (chlorides)
- Population 28,300
- Total Hardness 350 mg/L
- Goals:
  - Supply softened water to public
  - Eliminate resin softening (associated chlorides)
  - Enhance water supply by 15-20%



## Installation



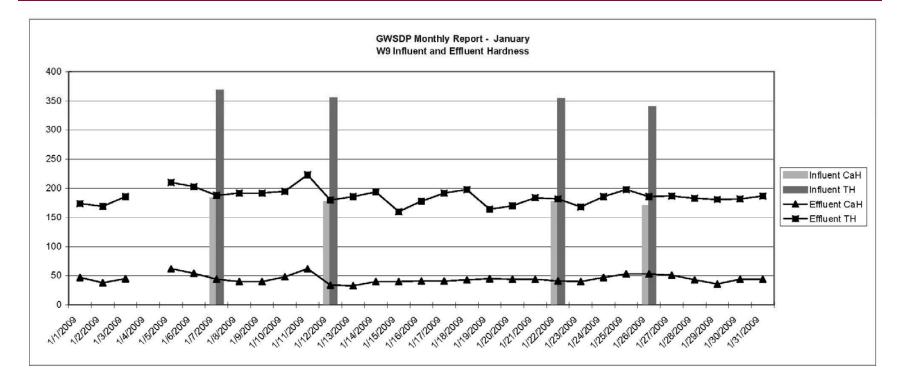


# Single Well Treatment (1.5 MGD)

- Less than 500 square meters of space
- Remote system monitoring
- Site labor 2 -3 days/week
- Consistent soft water supply (hardness 50 mg/L)
- No wastewater water zero liquid discharge
- Positive public response
- Reduced chlorides more than 1.5 million lbs/year
- Increased water supply volume 150,000-250,000 gallons per day



### Results



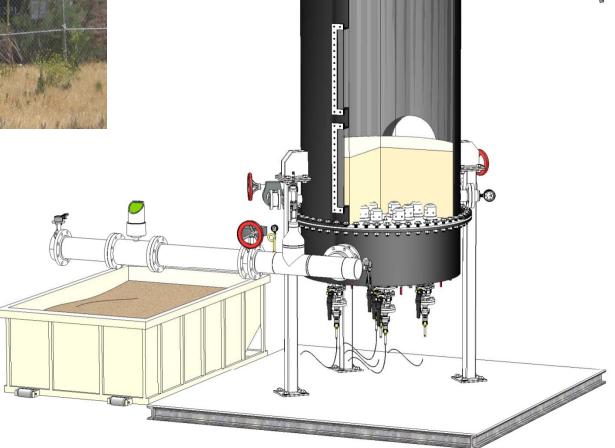
• Insert chemical usage here



#### **Pellet Handling**



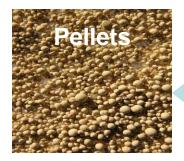
California community installing a desalter project – produced pellets will sell for \$20 -\$40 per ton.





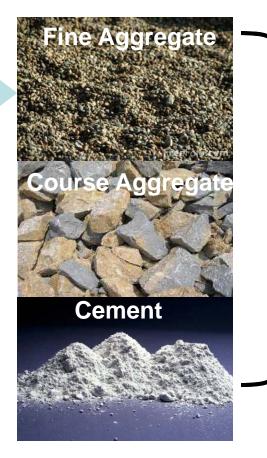
## **Pellet By-Product Utilization**

Local companies are interested in calcium carbonate pellets from water plant!



<u>2.5 MGD</u> 1.5-1.9 TPD (1-1.5 cy/day)

5.0 MGD 3.0-3.8 TPD (2-3 cy/day)





Pellets enhance concrete value increasing flowability!

Other uses include roofing material, soil amendment



## **Additional Applications**



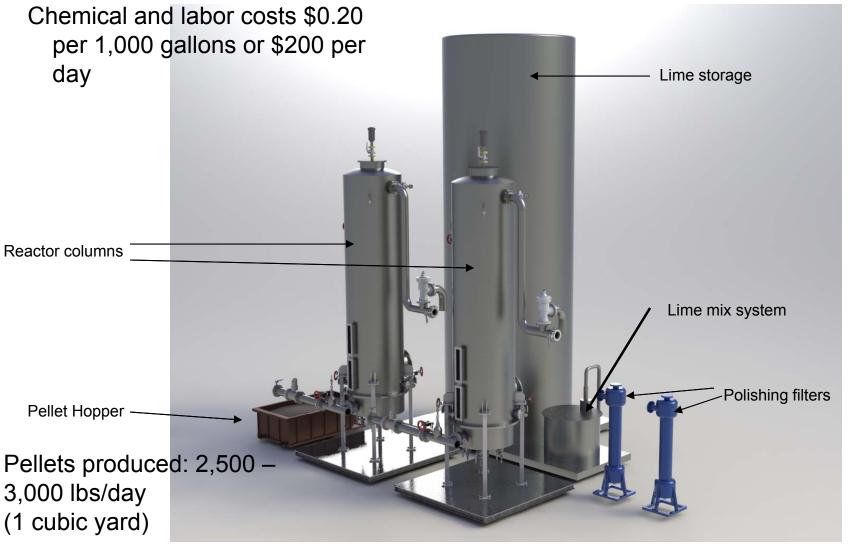


# **Softening Using Lime**

- Water scarcity
- Hard water
- Wastewater high in conductivity (chlorides)
- Wastewater high in TDS
- Goals:
  - Supply softened water to public
  - Eliminate resin softening (associated chlorides)
  - Enhance water supply by 15-20%

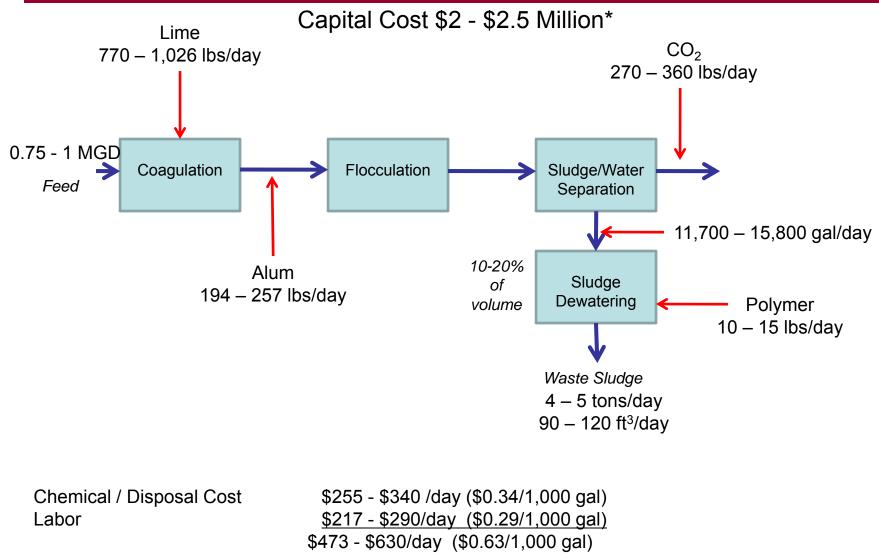


## Rendering





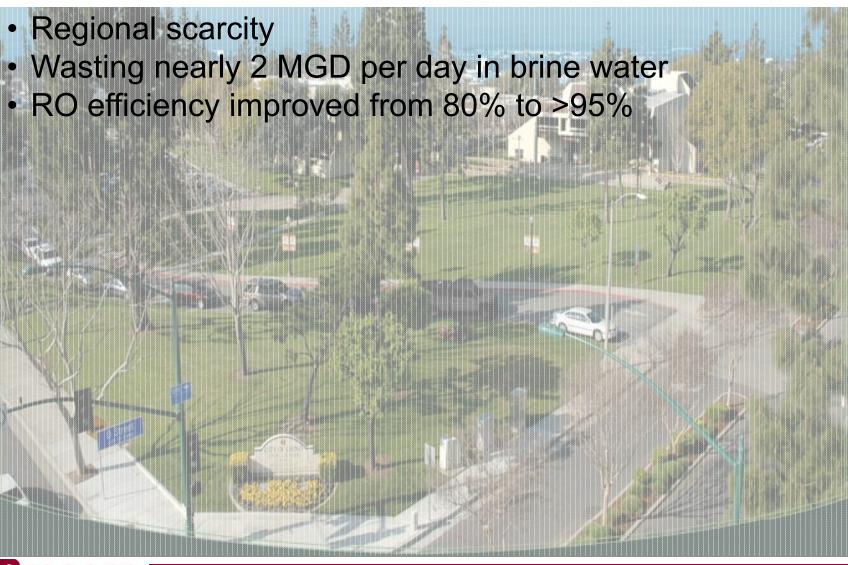
## **Traditional Lime Softening Comparison**



\*Sourced from EPA Handbook, modeling for infrastructure.

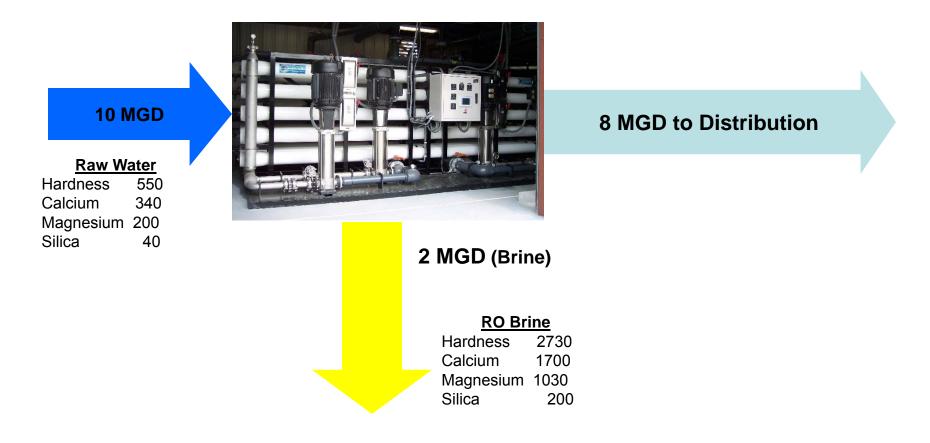
Enterprises LLC

#### **RO Brine Treatment – Approaching ZLD**





#### **State-of-the-Art Reverse Osmosis Desalination**



**Process efficiency is 80% - 2MGD are wasted as brine!** 



#### **Brine Treatment Performance**



#### **RO Brine Inflow**

Hardness2730Calcium1700Magnesium1030Silica200

#### **Reactor Effluent**

Hardness885Calcium350Magnesium535Silica29

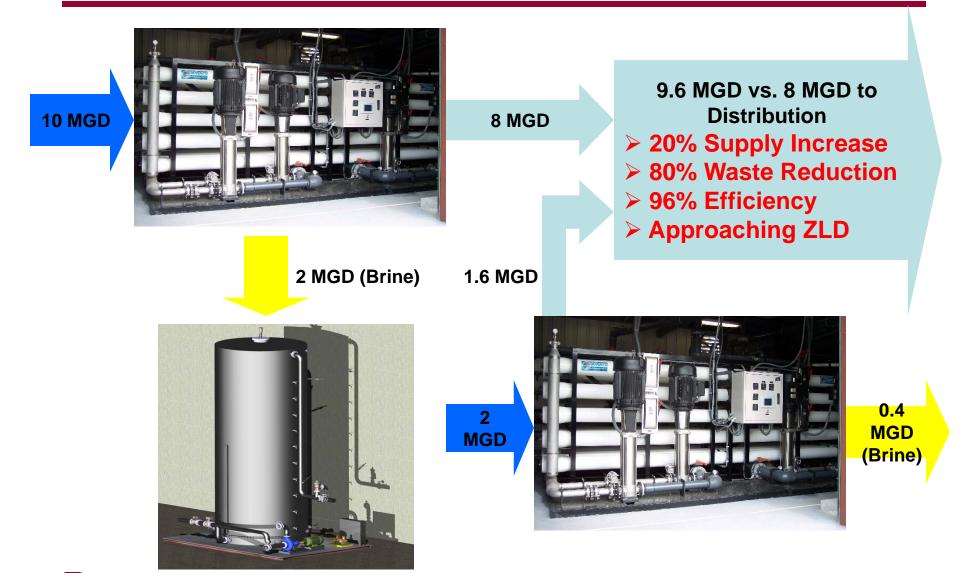
> Raw Water Quality!







#### **Design & Results**





## Let us show you!

- You provide water quality data
  - We provide modeling report
- Onsite pilot testing
  - Demonstrate hardness removal
- Measure chemical usage (operating costs)
- Validate design parameters and equipment capital cost





# Zero Liquid Discharge Water Treatment





Deliver more water from same supply